

Governmental Leasehold Intangible Personal Property Tax Return For 2012 Tax Year

DR-601G R. 01/12 Page 1

Rule 12C-2.0115
Florida Administrative Code
Effective 01/12



FEIN
SSN (if no FEIN)
Business Partner #
Contract Object #

Mail return and check payable to: FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE 5050 W TENNESSEE ST TALLAHASSEE FL 32399-0100

The Florida Legislature has provided that all leasehold estates, or any possessory interest created thereby, in property of the United States, the State of Florida, or any of its political subdivisions, municipalities, agencies, authorities, or other governmental units, are to be taxed as intangible personal property if the leased property is undeveloped or predominately used for a residential or commercial purpose, and rental payments are due in consideration of the leasehold estate or possessory interest. Lessees of governmentally owned property are required to file an annual intangible tax return, unless the leasehold estate qualifies for specific exemptions, beginning with the 1984 tax year.

If the calculated tax due is less than sixty dollars (\$60), no payment is required. However, the taxpayer should file this return without payment to avoid possible future contact regarding this filing period.

Our records are computerized and all information is maintained by account number. Your account number is your Social Security Number (SSN) or Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN). Please refer to these numbers in all correspondence. Show your correct number on your return. Social security numbers are used by the Florida Department of Revenue as unique identifiers for the administration of Florida's taxes. Social security numbers obtained for tax administration purposes are confidential under sections 213.053 and 119.071, Florida Statutes, and not subject to disclosure as public records. Collection of your SSN is authorized under state and federal law. Visit our Internet site at www.myflorida.com/dor and select "Privacy Notice" for more information regarding the state and federal law governing the collection, use, or release of SSNs, including authorized exceptions.

HOW TO COMPUTE THE TAX

- Line 1 Annual Rental Payment To compute the value of your leasehold estate, determine the amount of annual market rent for the property and enter the amount on Line 1
- Line 2 **Valuation Factor** Enter on Line 2 the valuation factor for the years remaining on the lease, from the Valuation Factor Table found on Page 4. Also, enter the number of years remaining on the lease in the space provided.
- Line 3 $\,$ Taxable Amount Multiply the annual rental payment on Line 1 by the valuation factor on Line 2 and enter the result on Line 3.
- Line 4 **Tax Due** Multiply the amount on Line 3 by .0005 (\$.50 tax for each \$1,000 value) and enter the result on Line 4. If Line 4 is less than \$60, no payment is due.
- Line 5 **Discount** You may claim a discount for early payment. Consult the chart under the FILING DATE section on Page 3.

Line 6 Penalty and Interest (refer to details on Page 3) -

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- Line 6a. For returns filed after the due date, enter penalty amount due with the tax payment for delinquency and late-filing penalties.
- Line 6b. For taxes paid after the due date, enter interest due with the late-filed tax payment.
- Total the amounts on Line 6a and Line 6b and enter the sum on Line 6.
- Line 7 **Total Payment Due** For returns filed on or before the due date, subtract Line 5 from Line 4 and enter the result on Line 7. For returns filed after the due date, add Line 4 plus Line 6 and enter the result on Line 7.
- Line 8 Less Amount Paid with Extension Enter any amount paid with an extension on Line 8.
- Line 9 **Payment Due** Subtract amount on Line 8 from Line 7 and enter result on Line 9.

DO NOT DETACH COUPON

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_	FEIN	1. Annual Rental Payment		J _				
		Valuation Factor Years Remaining						
	SSN (if no FEIN)	3. Taxable		_	╎┍┻╎┝]]	H	_
г		Amount]					
Name	DR-601G	4. Tax Due (Tax Rate = .0005)						
Address City/St/ZIP		5. Discount See Instructions Above						
, ,		Penalty and Interest a. Penalty \$	Enter	total penal	ties and Ir	teres	t belo	w.
	_	b. Interest \$						
	I hereby certify that this return has been examined by me and to the best of my knowledge is a true and correct return.	7. Total Due						
		8. Less Amount Paid]		
	Signature of taxpayer Date	with Extension		_	! - -	•	닏!	
	()_ Title Phone number (include area code)	9. Payment Due						
	Thore number (molade area code)			7		-		



Taxpayer Name:				_ Teleph	Telephone Number: ()FEIN					
County Where Property Legated:										
County Where Property Located:				<u> </u>	SSN (if no FEIN):					
S		dule A			state. Complete	e this supplemental schedule and mail with your return.				
1.			overnmental unit owning the p							
•										
2.		What is the i	egal description of the proper							
3.										
	b.	Describe the	improvements belonging to t	he governmental u	nit					
4.	a.	Have you ma	ade improvements to this prop	perty? () yes () no					
	b.	Describe the	ose improvements							
	C.	Do your imp	rovements become the prope	rty of the governme	ental unit owning	the location? () yes () no				
_			estimate of the value of impro							
5.	a.	Describe you	ur use of this property or the t	ype of activity cond	ducted at this loc	ation, and the number of years you have been at this location				
			you intend to occupy the pro							
6.			itten agreement between you ment recorded in the official re			he property? () yes () no				
		_	the official record book and p		. , , . ,					
7			anno antal antiquitation on the							
7.						orm of rent?() yes() no it payable to the governmental unit?				
8.										
9.	υ.									
10.		What is the I	pasis for determining the amo	unt of the rent state	ed in your lease a	agreement?				
11.										
12.			nt include payments for improvents tangible personal property ta	, , ,	. ,	preignes () year () no				
13.			(ies)?			praiser: () yes () no				
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LOC	catio	on address	(if different than mailing	address):						
	S	Street Addre	ess							
	C	City		State	ZIP	County				
	Т	- elephone N	lumber: ()							
										
Ind	icat	te changes	to mailing address belo	W:						
	Ν	Name								
	S	Street Addre	ess							
	C	City		State	ZIP	County				
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Instructions

GENERAL INFORMATION

Florida law classifies a lessee's interest in property leased from a governmental unit as intangible property, where the lessee makes rental payments in consideration of the leasehold estate or possessory interest, whether the leased property is undeveloped or is used for a residential or a commercial purpose.

A leasehold interest created by an original lease for 100 years or more, regardless of renewal options, is considered as creating an ownership right in the leased property and the property will not be classified as intangible property. Property financed, acquired or maintained using funds resulting from the issuance of bonds by Florida industrial development authorities or research and development authorities under Parts II, III, or V of Chapter 159, Florida Statutes, is considered to be owned and the lessee's interest is not classified as intangible property.

A lessee of governmental property will be exempt from annual intangible tax, provided the lease contract requires that the lessee provide space on the leasehold estate for use by a governmental entity. The provision applies retroactively, but does not open any closed period for refund.

Lessees leasing property classified as agricultural land or land used exclusively for noncommercial public recreational purposes, or leasing property used for a public purpose or function, and lessees qualified as an organization which uses the property for literary, scientific, religious or charitable purposes, are not subject to intangible tax on their leasehold interest.

If no rental payments are due under the agreement creating a leasehold estate, the leasehold estate is taxed as real property, not as intangible property. Personal property, buildings or other real property improvements owned by a lessee are assessed under Ad Valorem tax provisions, not as intangible property.

Taxpayers with more than one lease MUST FILE a separate return for each location.

WHO MUST FILE

Every lessee of governmental property used for a residential or commercial purpose, or that is undeveloped, is subject to the intangible tax each year on the value of the leasehold estate on January 1 of each tax year, if rental payments are due in consideration for the leasehold estate.

If the 1/2 mill (\$.50 per \$1000 value) annual tax levy on the value of the leasehold estate results in a tax of sixty dollars (\$60) or more, the lessee is required to file this return (Form DR-601G) and pay the tax.

If the tax due is less than sixty dollars (\$60), the taxpayer should file this return without payment of the tax to avoid unnecessary contact by the Department of Revenue.

Taxpayers are not entitled to the exemption for the governmental leasehold intangible personal property tax.

FILING DATE

The Governmental Leasehold Intangible Personal Property Tax Return (Form DR-601G) covering the leasehold estate is due January 1 and late after June 30. Returns not filed and taxes not paid by this date are delinquent. The date of postmark or date delivered to the Department is considered the date of payment.

A discount may be claimed for early filing provided payment is postmarked on or before the last day of the month of one of the following filing periods:

Discount Periods	Discount	If Submitted or		
		Postmarked on or before		
January - February	4%	Wednesday, February 29, 2012		
March	3%	Saturday, March 31, 2012		
April	2%	Monday, April 30, 2012		
May	1%	Thursday, May 31, 2012		
June	0%	No Discount Available		

Example: \$64.33 (tax) X .04 (January discount) = \$ 2.57 (discount allowed)

EXTENSION OF TIME

A request for an extension of time for filing may be submitted for review. Form DR-602G must be received by the Department on or before June 30 of the tax year.

PENALTY

The return, with full payment of tax, must be postmarked **no later than** June 30 of the applicable tax year to avoid penalty. If June 30 falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or a legal state or federal holiday and the return is postmarked or delivered to the Department on the next workday, it is considered timely.

Delinquency penalty is assessed on <u>tax not paid by June 30</u>. The penalty rate is 10% per month or portion of a month, not to exceed a maximum of 50% of the tax due.

Specific late filing penalty is assessed <u>on tax returns postmarked after June 30.</u> The penalty rate is 10% per month or portion of a month until the return is filed, not to exceed a maximum of 50% of the tax due.

The combined total of the delinquency penalty and specific late filing penalty will not exceed 10% per month or portion of a month, not to exceed a maximum of 50% of the tax due.

INTEREST

If the <u>tax is not paid by June 30</u>, you owe interest on the amount of tax due. Florida law provides a floating rate of interest for late payments of tax due. Interest rates, including daily rates, are published in Tax Information Publications that are updated semiannually on January 1 and July 1 each year and posted online at www.myflorida.com/dor.

OVERPAYMENTS OF TAX

If you have overpaid your tax and want a refund of the overpayment, you must submit an Application for Refund (Form DR-26). The Application for Refund must be submitted within three (3) years of the date the tax was paid. The Department cannot process a claim for refund without this form. Filing an amended return does not qualify as a claim for refund.

If you have any questions, please call the Refund Subprocess at 850-617-8585 or write to: Florida Department of Revenue, Refund Subprocess, P.O. Box 6470, Tallahassee, FL 32314-6470.

Tax information and forms are available online at: www.myflorida.com/dor
For assistance, call Taxpayer Services, Monday - Friday, 8 a.m. - 7 p.m., ET, at 800-352-3671.
From the option menu, select *Information on Taxes or Forms*.

AMENDED RETURNS/UNDERPAYMENTS OF TAX

If you discover that intangible property was undervalued on, or omitted from, your tax return, you should file an amended return. The amended return is to be completed in its entirety, as if it was an original filing. Pay only the additional tax due. If the return is postmarked after June 30, you will be subject to penalty and interest. Explain by separate letter, attached to the amended return, whether the property was undervalued or omitted.

VALUATION OF LEASEHOLD ESTATE

The just value of a lessee's leasehold estate or possessory interest to be reported on the return is determined by the rent payments for the remaining term of the lease, at the Federal Reserve - Atlanta - discount rate on the last business day of the previous year, plus one (1) percent.

Nominal or token payments are not used to value the lessee's interest. In such cases, the fair market rental for the leased property is the amount to be valued. If lease rental payments are based on some factor, such as a percentage of sales or profits, the average annual rental

actually paid for a period not to exceed the previous five years should be used, provided the amount is not nominal or significantly less than fair market rental. If the average amount is a nominal or token amount, the lease rental payment to be valued shall be the fair market rental for the property. Market rent is the amount which would be paid annually for use of a property in the open market, as indicated by current rentals being paid for comparable property. This should be net rent to the owner or lessor after allowance for taxes, insurance or other expenses specifically itemized as part of the rental payment. Do not deduct any such payments that you as the user make.

The period for which the lease payments should be valued is the number of years remaining under the lease on January 1 of the tax year, exclusive of renewal options. The year in which the lease expires should be considered a full year for the purpose of determining the number of years remaining under the lease agreement. If, on January 1 of the tax year, less than one year remains under the lease agreement, the value is determined as if a full year remained and is then prorated for the number of months remaining under the lease agreement.

Valuation Factor Table - 2012 (1.75%)								
YEARS REMAINING	FACTOR	YEARS REMAINING	FACTOR	YEARS REMAINING	FACTOR			
1	0.9828	34	25.4624	67	39.2716			
2	1.9487	35	26.0073	68	39.5789			
3	2.8980	36	26.5428	69	39.8810			
4	3.8309	37	27.0690	70	40.1779			
5	4.7479	38	27.5863	71	40.4697			
6	5.6490	39	28.0946	72	40.7564			
7	6.5346	40	28.5942	73	41.0383			
8	7.4051	41	29.0852	74	41.3153			
9	8.2605	42	29.5678	75	41.5875			
10	9.1012	43	30.0421	76	41.8550			
11	9.9275	44	30.5082	77	42.1180			
12	10.7395	45	30.9663	78	42.3764			
13	11.5376	46	31.4165	79	42.6303			
14	12.3220	47	31.8589	80	42.8799			
15	13.0929	48	32.2938	81	43.1252			
16	13.8505	49	32.7212	82	43.3663			
17	14.5951	50	33.1412	83	43.6033			
18	15.3269	51	33.5540	84	43.8361			
19	16.0461	52	33.9597	85	44.0650			
20	16.7529	53	34.3584	86	44.2899			
21	17.4475	54	34.7503	87	44.5110			
22	18.1303	55	35.1354	88	44.7282			
23	18.8012	56	35.5140	89	44.9418			
24	19.4607	57	35.8859	90	45.1516			
25	20.1088	58	36.2515	91	45.3578			
26	20.7457	59	36.6109	92	45.5605			
27	21.3717	60	36.9640	93	45.7597			
28	21.9870	61	37.3110	94	45.9555			
29	22.5916	62	37.6521	95	46.1479			
30	23.1858	63	37.9874	96	46.3370			
31	23.7699	64	38.3168	97	46.5229			
32	24.3439	65	38.6406	98	46.7055			
33	24.9080	66	38.9588	99	46.8850			
				100	47.0615			